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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

Listing of claims:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of forming a semiconductor device comprising:
 - a) forming a gate structure over a substrate being doped with a first conductivity type impurity;
 - b) performing a doped depletion region implantation by implanting ions being a second conductive type into the substrate to form doped depletion regions;
 - c) performing a S/D implantation by implanting ions ~~having~~ being the second conductivity type into the substrate to form source and drain regions adjacent to said gate structure; the doped depletion regions are beneath and separated from said source and drain regions;
 - (1) said doped depletion regions having an impurity concentration and thickness so that said doped depletion regions are depleted due to a built-in potential created between said doped depletion regions and said substrate[.];
said doped depletion regions having an impurity concentration so that a built-in junction potential between said doped depletion regions and said substrate forms depletion regions in the substrate between the source and drain regions and the doped depletion regions ;
said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration of the first

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- 1 conductivity type.
2
3
4 2. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said doped depletion
5 regions are not formed under said gate structure.
6 3. (CANCELED)
7 4. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes said
8 doped depletion regions having an impurity concentration so that a built-in junction
9 potential between said doped depletion regions and said substrate forms depletion
10 regions in the substrate between the source and drain regions and the doped depletion
11 region; said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration of the first conductivity
12 type;
13 said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration between 1E16 to 5E18
14 atom/cc.
15
16 5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
17 implanting ions of the first impurity type into said substrate between said source and
18 drain regions and said doped depletion regions.
19 6. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
20 performing an implant type selected from the group consisting of Halo implant, threshold
21 voltage implant, and a field implant, that implant ions of the first impurity type into said
22 substrate at least between said source and drain regions and said doped depletion
23 regions.
24 7. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein a region of said
25 substrate between said source/drain regions and said doped depletion regions has a
26 concentration of the first conductivity type impurity between 1E16 to 1E18 atom/cc;
27 a channel region in said substrate under said gate structure; said channel region has a
28 concentration of a second type impurity between 1E16 to 1E18 atom/cc.

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- 1
- 2 8. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said doped depletion
- 3 regions are fully depleted.
- 4 9. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
- 5 performing LDD implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type
- 6 into the substrate using the gate structure as a mask to form LDD regions.
- 7 10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
- 8 performing a LDD implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type
- 9 into the substrate using the gate structure as a mask to form LDD regions;
- 10 the LDD regions are formed before the doped depletion regions.
- 11 11. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
- 12 performing a LDD implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type
- 13 into the substrate using the gate structure as a mask to form LDD regions;
- 14 wherein the doped depletion regions are formed after the LDD regions.
- 15 12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said first
- 16 conductivity type is p-type and said substrate has a boron concentration between 1E17
- 17 to 1E19 atom/cc.
- 18 13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said first
- 19 conductivity type is n-type and said substrate has an As or P concentration between 1E
- 20 17 to 1E 19 atom/cc.
- 21 14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said substrate is
- 22 comprised of Si or SiGe or strained Si, or relaxed SiGe or strained Ge.
- 23 15. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1 wherein said gate structure has a channel width
- 24 between 0.04 and 0.5 μm .
- 25
- 26 16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
- 27 performing a LDD implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type
- 28 into the substrate using the gate structure as a mask to form LDD regions;

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1 the LDD implantation is performed by implanting As ions at a dose between 5E14 and
2 1E16 atoms /cm², at an energy between 1keV and 10 keV.

3 17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes
4 performing a LDD implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type
5 into the substrate using the gate structure as a mask to form LDD regions;
6 the LDD implantation is performed by implanting Boron ions at a dose between 1E14
7 and 5E15 atoms /cm², at an energy between 1 keV and 10 keV.

8
9 18. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein the doped depletion
10 region implantation is performed by implanting As or P ions at a dose between 5E12
11 and 5E13 atoms/cm², at an energy between 100 keV and 500 keV; said doped depletion
12 region having a minimum depth below a surface of said substrate between 0.09 and 0.7
13 μm .

14 19. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein the doped depletion
15 region implantation is performed by implanting boron ions at a dose between 5E11 and
16 5E13 atoms/cm², at an energy between 50 keV and 200 keV; said doped depletion
17 region having a minimum depth below a surface of the substrate between 0.09 and 0.7
18 μm .

19 20. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein the S/D
20 implantation is performed by implanting arsenic (As) or phosphorus (P) ions at a dose
21 between 5E14 to 1E16 atoms/cm², at an energy between 50 keV and 80 keV; said source
22 and drain regions having a depth below a surface of said substrate of between 0.04 and
23 0.5 μm .

24 21. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 wherein said second
25 conductivity type is p-type; and said S/D implant is performed by implanting boron ions
26 at a dose between 5E14 to 1E16 atoms/cm², at an energy between 50keV and 80keV; said
27 source and drain regions have a depth below a surface of said substrate of between 0.04
28 and 0.5 μm .

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- 1 22. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes said
2 gate structure having sidewalls; and forming one or more spacers on the sidewalls of said
3 gate structure.

- 4
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23. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of forming a semiconductor device comprising:

- a) forming a gate structure over a substrate being doped with a first conductivity type impurity;
- b) performing a doped depletion region implantation by implanting ions being a second conductivity type to the substrate to form doped depletion regions beneath and separated from said source/drain regions;
 - (1) said doped depletion regions have an impurity concentration and thickness so that said doped depletion regions are depleted due to a built-in potential created between said doped depletion regions and said substrate;
- c) performing a S/D implantation by implanting ions being the second conductivity type into the substrate to form source and drain regions adjacent to said gate structure;
 - (1) said substrate between said source and drain regions and said doped depletion regions has a concentration of a first type impurity between 1E16 to 1E18 atom/cc;
said doped depletion regions have an impurity concentration so that the built-in potential between said doped depletion regions and said substrate forms depletion regions in the substrate between the source and drain regions and the doped depletion region; said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration of the first conductivity type; said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration between 1E16 to 1E18 atom/cc.

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24. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 23 wherein said doped depletion regions are not formed under said gate structure.
25. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 23 wherein a region of said substrate between said source/drain regions and said doped depletion regions has a concentration of said first conductivity type impurity between $1\text{E}16$ to $1\text{E}18$ atom/cc;
a channel region in said substrate under said gate structure; said channel region has a concentration of a second conductivity type impurity between $1\text{E}16$ to $1\text{E}18$ atom/cc.
26. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 23 which further includes; said gate structure has sidewalls; forming one or more spacers on the sidewalls of said gate structure.
27. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 23 which further includes; said gate structure has sidewalls; forming two or more spacers on the sidewalls of said gate structure prior to the doped depletion region implantation.

CLAIMS 28 TO 35 (CANCELED)

CLAIM 36 (CANCELED)

37. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1 which further includes said gate structure has sidewalls; forming two or more spacers on the sidewalls of said gate structure prior to the doped depletion region implantation.
38. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of forming a semiconductor device comprising:
forming a gate structure over a substrate being doped with a first conductivity type impurity;
performing a doped depletion region implantation by, using said gate structure as an implant mask and implanting ions being of a second conductive type into the substrate to form doped depletion regions;
performing a S/D implantation by implanting ions of the second conductivity type into the substrate to form source and drain regions adjacent to said gate;

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the doped depletion regions are beneath and separated from said source and drain regions;
said doped depletion regions have an impurity concentration and thickness so that said doped depletion regions are depleted due to a built-in potential created between said doped depletion regions and said substrate.

39. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 38 which further includes said doped depletion regions having an impurity concentration so that a built-in junction potential between said doped depletion regions and said substrate forms depletion regions in the substrate between the source and drain regions and the doped depletion regions;

said depletion regions have a net impurity concentration of the first conductivity type.

40. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 38 wherein said doped depletion regions are fully depleted.